

**AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS**

1. (Canceled).

2. (Canceled).

3. (Currently Amended). ~~The method according to Claim 2, wherein it comprises A~~  
method for improving channel transmission efficiency in a wireless network comprising the steps  
of:

1) starting data transmission and splitting the MAC layer service data packet according  
to an initial threshold for the length of the data frame to transmit;

2) reading and recording acknowledgement information (ACK) sent by a partner in real-  
time;

3) determining the channel quality of the wireless network according to whether the  
ACK information has been successfully received for a predetermined times, if the channel of the  
wireless channel is of a good quality, then increasing the threshold for the length of the data frame  
split from the MAC layer service data packet, and otherwise decreasing the threshold for the length  
of the data frame;

4) splitting a subsequent MAC layer service data packet according to the threshold for  
the length of the data frame adjusted in step 3) to transmit;

5) repeating steps 2), 3) and 4) until the end of this data transmission;

wherein the step 3) includes steps of:

3a) presetting a time interval for adjusting the threshold for the length of the data frame;

3b) determining whether the ACK information is received for the predetermined times within the time interval preset in step 3a), if the ACK information is successfully received for the predetermined times, then the channel of the wireless network being of a good quality and increasing the threshold for the length of the data frame, and otherwise the channel of the wireless network being of a bad quality and decreasing the threshold for the length of the data frame;

wherein the preset time interval is a product obtained by multiplying the number of the sent data frames by a maximum time duration required from sending of one data frame to receipt of an ACK of this frame specified in IEEE 802.11 protocol.

4. (Original) The method according to Claim 3, wherein the initial threshold is a threshold specified in *Wireless LAN Media Access Control (MAC) and Physical Layer (PHY) Specifications* (IEEE 802.11).

5. (Original) The method according to Claim 3, wherein the step 3) includes steps of:

3A) presetting the times N for which the ACK information is continuously received successfully before increasing the threshold for the length of the data frame, and the times M for which the ACK information is continuously received unsuccessfully before decreasing the threshold for the length of the data frame;

3B) when the ACK information is continuously received successfully for N times, the channel of the wireless network being of a good quality and increasing the threshold for the length of the data frame;

3C) when the ACK information is continuously received unsuccessfully for M times, the channel of the wireless network being of a bad quality and decreasing the threshold for the length of the data frame.

6. (Canceled).

7. (Canceled).

8. (Currently amended) The method according to Claim ~~[[6]]~~3, wherein the predetermined times for receiving the ACK information is in a range between a number obtained by subtracting the number of lost packets allowable to the user from the number of the sent data frames and the number of the sent data frames.

9. (Original) The method according to Claim 3, wherein the increasing range of the threshold for the length of the data frame is to increase 0 – 100% of the previous threshold each time; and the decreasing range of the threshold for the length of the data frame is to decrease 0 – 100% of the previous threshold each time.

10. (Original) The method according to Claim 3, wherein the threshold for the length of the data frame is in a range from a minimum frame length threshold specified in IEEE 802.11 specification to a maximum frame length threshold specified in IEEE 802.11 specification.